



Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

Hemet Unified School District



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Governing Board
Hemet Unified School District
Hemet, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hemet Unified School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of the District's contributions for OPEB, schedule of the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability – MPP program, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedule of District contributions, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Rancho Cucamonga, California
December 6, 2022



Christi Barrett, Ph.D.
Superintendent

Darrin Watters
Deputy Superintendent
Tracy Chambers
Assistant Superintendent
Derek Jindra, Ed.D.
Assistant Superintendent
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This section of Hemet Unified School District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2022, with comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets), deferred outflows of resources, as well as all liabilities (including long-term liabilities) and deferred inflows of resources. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for each of the three categories of activities: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

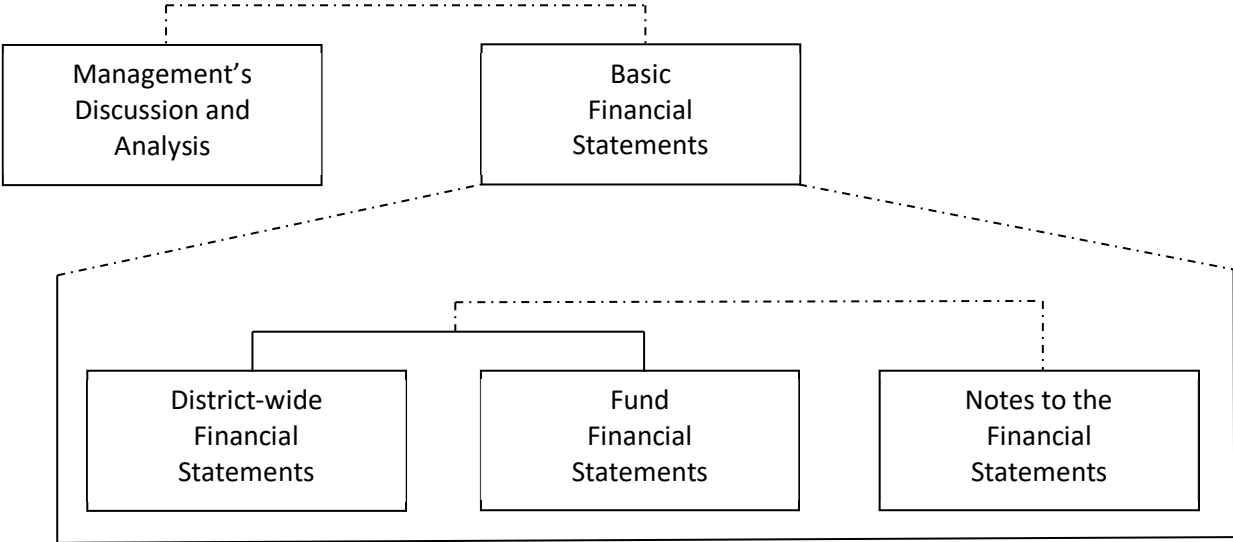
- The *Governmental Funds* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The *Proprietary Funds* are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.
- The *Fiduciary Funds* are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Hemet Unified School District.

Figure 1

Organization of Hemet Unified School District's Annual Financial Report



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS OF THE PAST YEAR

- Total net position increased by \$92,198,304 over the prior year for a new net position of \$131,833,793.
- Revenues, transfers in, and other financing sources for all funds, including bond issuances, totaled \$440,654,101 and \$19,073,027, for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. Expenses, transfers out and other uses totaled \$362,499,080 and \$5,029,744, for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively.
- The General Fund audited ending fund balance totaled \$120,857,171. This represents an increase of \$37,803,063 from the prior year.
- New General Obligation Bonds of \$35,000,000 and General Obligation Refunding Bonds of \$49,075,000 were issued in 2021-2022.
- The District filed a positive status with both its First and Second Interim reports in 2021-2022.

DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's operating results. Since the Board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, we separate the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade twelve students, adult education students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State and local grants, as well as certificates of participation, finance these activities.

Business-Type Activities - The District charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's transportation operations are included in this category.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental Funds - The District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following the governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds - When the District charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments within the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position*. In fact, the District's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. We use internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities, such as the District's Self-Insurance Fund. The internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

THE DISTRICT AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for funds held on behalf of others. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The total net position was \$131,833,793 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants, grantors, constitutional provisions, and enabling legislation that limit the governing board's ability to use net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1

	Governmental		Business-Type		Total	
	Activities		Activities			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 294,530,332	\$ 207,674,068	\$ 15,940,978	\$ 14,297,380	\$ 310,471,310	\$ 221,971,448
Capital assets	443,933,823	430,833,039	12,314,547	9,793,838	456,248,370	440,626,877
Total assets	738,464,155	638,507,107	28,255,525	24,091,218	766,719,680	662,598,325
Deferred outflows of resources	64,141,246	83,510,348	2,556,251	3,030,604	66,697,497	86,540,952
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	42,453,780	40,811,677	1,132,791	699,139	43,586,571	41,510,816
Long-term liabilities	506,996,135	627,920,594	11,505,653	25,300,940	518,501,788	653,221,534
Total liabilities	549,449,915	668,732,271	12,638,444	26,000,079	562,088,359	694,732,350
Deferred inflows of resources	135,765,860	14,050,579	3,729,165	720,859	139,495,025	14,771,438
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	218,146,952	217,662,990	10,246,085	8,780,624	228,393,037	226,443,614
Restricted	81,420,253	47,769,670	-	-	81,420,253	47,769,670
Unrestricted	(182,177,579)	(226,198,055)	4,198,082	(8,379,740)	(177,979,497)	(234,577,795)
Total net position	\$ 117,389,626	\$ 39,234,605	\$ 14,444,167	\$ 400,884	\$ 131,833,793	\$ 39,635,489

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 16. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement for the year.

Hemet Unified School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2022

Table 2

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services and sale:	\$ 6,694,554	\$ 2,730,705	\$ 18,331,530	\$ 13,875,879	\$ 25,026,084	\$ 16,606,584
Operating grants and contributions	115,708,403	59,468,536	991,264	990,073	116,699,667	60,458,609
General revenues						
Federal and State aid not restricted	230,496,108	211,072,026	-	-	230,496,108	211,072,026
Property taxes	62,158,911	58,298,077	-	-	62,158,911	58,298,077
Other general revenues	25,596,125	61,211,199	(249,767)	34,536	25,346,358	61,245,735
Total revenues	440,654,101	392,780,543	19,073,027	14,900,488	459,727,128	407,681,031
Expenses						
Instruction-related	241,287,128	255,927,638	-	-	241,287,128	255,927,638
Pupil services	47,339,775	46,127,003	-	-	47,339,775	46,127,003
Administration	28,456,751	37,430,964	-	-	28,456,751	37,430,964
Plant services	29,899,915	26,708,782	-	-	29,899,915	26,708,782
All other services	15,515,511	22,960,820	5,029,744	9,688,485	20,545,255	32,649,305
Total expenses	362,499,080	389,155,207	5,029,744	9,688,485	367,528,824	398,843,692
Transfers	-	2,405,231	-	(2,079,918)	-	325,313
Change in net position	<u>\$ 78,155,021</u>	<u>\$ 6,030,567</u>	<u>\$ 14,043,283</u>	<u>\$ 3,132,085</u>	<u>\$ 92,198,304</u>	<u>\$ 9,162,652</u>

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 16, the cost of all governmental activities in 2021-2022 was \$362,499,080. The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was \$62,158,911. The remaining cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs \$6,694,554 or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with \$115,708,403 in grants and contributions. The remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities were paid with \$230,496,108 in Federal and State aid and \$25,596,125 with other General Fund revenue sources such as interest and general entitlements.

In Table 3, we have presented the cost and net cost of each of the District's largest functions: instruction including, special instruction programs and other instructional programs, pupil services, administration, plant services, all other services, and transportation. As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Instruction-related	\$ 241,287,128	\$ 255,927,638	\$ (165,104,696)	\$ (238,322,253)
Pupil services	47,339,775	46,127,003	(22,198,338)	(23,330,804)
Administration	28,456,751	37,430,964	(16,080,548)	(29,331,308)
Plant services	29,899,915	26,708,782	(28,113,542)	(21,317,430)
All other services	15,515,511	22,960,820	(8,598,999)	(14,654,171)
Total	362,499,080	389,155,207	(240,096,123)	(326,955,966)
Transportation	5,029,744	9,688,485	14,293,050	5,177,467
Total	\$ 367,528,824	\$ 398,843,692	\$ (225,803,073)	\$ (321,778,499)

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Upon completion of the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$245,497,728 an increase of \$85,043,058 from 2020-2021 (Table 4).

Table 4

Governmental Fund	Balances and Activity			
	June 30, 2021	Revenues and Other Financing Sources	Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	June 30, 2022
General	\$ 83,054,108	\$ 388,495,378	\$ 350,692,315	\$ 120,857,171
Building	39,244,533	34,198,927	22,379,398	51,064,062
Non-Major Governmental	38,156,029	138,618,347	103,197,881	73,576,495
Total	\$ 160,454,670	\$ 561,312,652	\$ 476,269,594	\$ 245,497,728

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on June 21, 2022. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in this annual financial report on page 83.)

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$456,248,370 in a broad range of capital assets (net of depreciation), including land, construction, buildings, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$15,621,493, or 3.55%, over the prior year (Table 5).

Table 5

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Land and construction						
in progress	\$ 53,027,118	\$ 47,481,217	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,027,118	\$ 47,481,217
Buildings and						
improvements	382,259,408	374,012,046	-	-	382,259,408	374,012,046
Equipment	8,647,297	9,339,776	12,314,547	9,793,838	20,961,844	19,133,614
Total	\$ 443,933,823	\$ 430,833,039	\$ 12,314,547	\$ 9,793,838	\$ 456,248,370	\$ 440,626,877

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of this year, the District had \$518,501,788 in long-term liabilities outstanding versus \$650,841,034 last year, a decrease of \$132,339,246, or 20.33%. Those long-term liabilities consisted of:

Table 6

	Governmental		Business-Type		Total	
	Activities		Activities			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Long-Term Liabilities						
General obligation bonds	\$ 231,110,000	\$ 198,510,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 231,110,000	198,510,000
Certificates of participation	38,410,000	40,720,000	-	-	38,410,000	40,720,000
Unamortized premiums	13,544,801	14,732,263	-	-	13,544,801	14,732,263
Unamortized discounts	(87,886)	(55,344)	-	-	(87,886)	(55,344)
Financed purchase agreements	-	-	2,068,462	1,013,214	2,068,462	1,013,214
Supplemental early retirement plan	4,576,740	5,720,925	-	-	4,576,740	5,720,925
Compensated absences	1,884,612	1,621,417	322,193	332,607	2,206,805	1,954,024
Claims liability	8,927,764	8,692,068	-	-	8,927,764	8,692,068
Net OPEB liability	30,114,372	37,091,831	2,297,592	264,548	32,411,964	37,356,379
Aggregate net pension liability	178,515,732	320,887,434	6,817,406	21,310,071	185,333,138	342,197,505
Total	\$ 506,996,135	\$ 627,920,594	\$ 11,505,653	\$ 22,920,440	\$ 518,501,788	\$ 650,841,034

Table 7 lists the District’s 2022-2023 budget assumptions. These assumptions were based on the most current information available to the District at the time the budget was adopted on June 21, 2022. Budgetary goals were developed and prioritized by the District’s leadership team and governing board. Input provided by these two groups was used as the framework to develop the District’s 2022-2023 budget, which includes site and department allocations for both staffing and operating budgets.

Table 7

2022-2023 Budget Assumptions

Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) (applied to LCFF targeted base):	6.56%
Additional LCFF Investment to Base:	3.30%
Enrollment (excluding charters):	21,417
Enrollment Growth (Decline):	212
ADA – Average Daily Attendance:	19,670
ADA – Funded:	19,670
ADA Percentage:	91.92%
Salary Increase:	3.00%
One-time off schedule:	4.00%
Step and Column (Certificated) percent of salaries:	1.45%
Step and Column (Classified) percent of salaries:	1.75%
Deferred/Routine Maintenance - Percent of Total Expenditures:	3.00%
New Schools/(School Closures):	0
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties:	5.00%

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT’S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District’s finances and to show the District’s accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information contact the Deputy Superintendent, at Hemet Unified School District, 1791 West Acacia Avenue, Hemet, California, 92545-3797, or e-mail at: [dwatters@hemetusd.org](mailto:dwaters@hemetusd.org).

Hemet Unified School District
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Deposits and investments	\$ 244,499,277	\$ 14,563,882	\$ 259,063,159
Receivables	47,707,806	1,265,914	48,973,720
Internal balances	(111,182)	111,182	-
Stores inventories	2,434,431	-	2,434,431
Capital assets not depreciated	53,027,118	-	53,027,118
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	390,906,705	12,314,547	403,221,252
Total assets	<u>738,464,155</u>	<u>28,255,525</u>	<u>766,719,680</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred charge on refunding	2,454,167	-	2,454,167
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	61,687,079	2,556,251	64,243,330
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>64,141,246</u>	<u>2,556,251</u>	<u>66,697,497</u>
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	23,906,713	1,132,791	25,039,504
Interest payable	3,491,098	-	3,491,098
Unearned revenue	15,055,969	-	15,055,969
Long-term liabilities			
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due within one year	13,663,421	595,760	14,259,181
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due in more than one year	284,702,610	1,794,895	286,497,505
Net other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB)	30,114,372	2,297,592	32,411,964
Aggregate net pension liability	178,515,732	6,817,406	185,333,138
Total liabilities	<u>549,449,915</u>	<u>12,638,444</u>	<u>562,088,359</u>

Hemet Unified School District
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	\$ 9,568,916	\$ 497,289	\$ 10,066,205
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	126,196,944	3,231,876	129,428,820
Total deferred inflows of resources	135,765,860	3,729,165	139,495,025
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	218,146,952	10,246,085	228,393,037
Restricted for			
Debt service	19,823,351	-	19,823,351
Capital projects	22,641,546	-	22,641,546
Educational programs	32,098,595	-	32,098,595
Other restrictions	6,856,761	-	6,856,761
Unrestricted	(182,177,579)	4,198,082	(177,979,497)
Total net position	\$ 117,389,626	\$ 14,444,167	\$ 131,833,793

Hemet Unified School District
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		Governmental Activities	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position	
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions		Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities						
Instruction	\$ 198,252,166	\$ 73,610	\$ 55,033,594	\$ (143,144,962)	\$ -	\$ (143,144,962)
Instruction-related activities						
Supervision of instruction	18,751,554	21,171	17,978,805	(751,578)	-	(751,578)
Instructional library, media, and technology	2,195,065	-	92,459	(2,102,606)	-	(2,102,606)
School site administration	22,088,343	1,238	2,981,555	(19,105,550)	-	(19,105,550)
Pupil services						
Home-to-school transportation	6,143,550	-	-	(6,143,550)	-	(6,143,550)
Food services	14,452,106	7,506	14,241,544	(203,056)	-	(203,056)
All other pupil services	26,744,119	35,124	10,857,263	(15,851,732)	-	(15,851,732)
Administration						
Data processing	8,161,704	196	3,946,829	(4,214,679)	-	(4,214,679)
All other administration	20,295,047	403,772	8,025,406	(11,865,869)	-	(11,865,869)
Plant services	29,899,915	161	1,786,212	(28,113,542)	-	(28,113,542)
Ancillary services	4,450,624	3,572	9,912	(4,437,140)	-	(4,437,140)
Community services	74,197	-	19,234	(54,963)	-	(54,963)
Enterprise services	(53,789)	18	272,117	325,924	-	325,924
Interest on long-term liabilities	10,949,978	-	-	(10,949,978)	-	(10,949,978)
Other outgo	94,501	6,148,186	463,473	6,517,158	-	6,517,158
Total governmental activities	\$ 362,499,080	\$ 6,694,554	\$ 115,708,403	(240,096,123)	-	(240,096,123)
Business-Type Activities						
Transportation	5,029,744	18,331,530	991,264	-	14,293,050	14,293,050
Total primary government	\$ 367,528,824	\$ 25,026,084	\$ 116,699,667	(240,096,123)	14,293,050	(225,803,073)

Hemet Unified School District
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position		
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
General Revenues and Subventions						
Property taxes, levied for general purposes				\$ 40,885,956	\$ -	\$ 40,885,956
Property taxes, levied for debt service				16,936,130	-	16,936,130
Taxes levied for other specific purposes				4,336,825	-	4,336,825
Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes				230,496,108	-	230,496,108
Interest and investment earnings (loss)				(3,506,045)	(249,767)	(3,755,812)
Interagency revenues				100,681	-	100,681
Miscellaneous				29,001,489	-	29,001,489
				<u>318,251,144</u>	<u>(249,767)</u>	<u>318,001,377</u>
Change in Net Position				78,155,021	14,043,283	92,198,304
Net Position - Beginning				<u>39,234,605</u>	<u>400,884</u>	<u>39,635,489</u>
Net Position - Ending				<u>\$ 117,389,626</u>	<u>\$ 14,444,167</u>	<u>\$ 131,833,793</u>

Hemet Unified School District
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Deposits and investments	\$ 121,761,001	\$ 54,411,804	\$ 58,204,191	\$ 234,376,996
Receivables	46,079,813	115,997	1,457,766	47,653,576
Due from other funds	788,161	-	17,671,263	18,459,424
Stores inventories	1,529,340	-	905,091	2,434,431
Total assets	\$ 170,158,315	\$ 54,527,801	\$ 78,238,311	\$ 302,924,427
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 17,689,339	\$ 3,463,739	\$ 2,637,928	\$ 23,791,006
Due to other funds	17,801,821	-	777,903	18,579,724
Unearned revenue	13,809,984	-	1,245,985	15,055,969
Total liabilities	49,301,144	3,463,739	4,661,816	57,426,699
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	1,542,111	-	864,465	2,406,576
Restricted	32,098,595	51,064,062	55,342,413	138,505,070
Committed	39,666,954	-	-	39,666,954
Assigned	29,511,393	-	17,369,617	46,881,010
Unassigned	18,038,118	-	-	18,038,118
Total fund balances	120,857,171	51,064,062	73,576,495	245,497,728
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 170,158,315	\$ 54,527,801	\$ 78,238,311	\$ 302,924,427

Hemet Unified School District
 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
 June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 245,497,728

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the
 Statement of Net Position are Different Because

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial
 resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in
 governmental funds.

The cost of capital assets is	\$ 707,064,292
Accumulated depreciation is	<u>(263,130,469)</u>

Net capital assets	443,933,823
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In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term
 liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the
 government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on
 long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred.

(3,491,098)

An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs
 of the workers' compensation insurance program to the individual
 funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are
 included with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

1,142,158

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net
 position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental
 funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to

Debt refundings (deferred charge on refunding)	2,454,167
Net pension liability	<u>61,687,079</u>

Total deferred outflows of resources	64,141,246
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Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position
 that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental
 funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	(9,568,916)
Net pension liability	<u>(126,196,944)</u>

Total deferred inflows of resources	(135,765,860)
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Hemet Unified School District
 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
 June 30, 2022

Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		\$ (178,515,732)
The District's net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(30,114,372)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of		
General obligation bonds	\$ (231,110,000)	
Certificates of participation	(38,410,000)	
Premium on issuance of general obligation bonds and certificates of participation	(13,544,801)	
Discount on issuance of general obligation bonds and certificates of participation	87,886	
Compensated absences (vacations)	(1,884,612)	
Supplemental early retirement plan	(4,576,740)	
Total long-term liabilities		<u>(289,438,267)</u>
Total net position - governmental activities		<u>\$ 117,389,626</u>

Hemet Unified School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 257,863,755	\$ -	\$ 7,327,379	\$ 265,191,134
Federal sources	58,716,227	-	15,233,048	73,949,275
Other State sources	51,885,021	-	6,376,752	58,261,773
Other local sources	19,478,029	(801,073)	36,670,175	55,347,131
Total revenues	<u>387,943,032</u>	<u>(801,073)</u>	<u>65,607,354</u>	<u>452,749,313</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction	188,515,151	-	8,138,861	196,654,012
Instruction-related activities				
Supervision of instruction	19,464,849	-	344,765	19,809,614
Instructional library, media, and technology	2,260,383	-	-	2,260,383
School site administration	21,594,328	-	1,358,024	22,952,352
Pupil services				
Home-to-school transportation	6,143,474	-	-	6,143,474
Food services	446,459	-	13,333,668	13,780,127
All other pupil services	28,038,013	-	276,011	28,314,024
Administration				
Data processing	8,557,812	-	-	8,557,812
All other administration	18,642,283	-	1,477,950	20,120,233
Plant services	28,292,378	-	3,287,369	31,579,747
Ancillary services	2,319,635	-	2,147,073	4,466,708
Community services	74,232	-	-	74,232
Other outgo	94,501	-	-	94,501
Enterprise services	288,150	-	-	288,150
Facility acquisition and construction	4,747,068	22,379,398	3,387,441	30,513,907
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	9,995,000	9,995,000
Interest and other	-	-	14,621,421	14,621,421
Total expenditures	<u>329,478,716</u>	<u>22,379,398</u>	<u>58,367,583</u>	<u>410,225,697</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>58,464,316</u>	<u>(23,180,471)</u>	<u>7,239,771</u>	<u>42,523,616</u>

Hemet Unified School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	\$ 552,346	\$ -	\$ 21,701,551	\$ 22,253,897
Other sources - proceeds and premium on general obligation bonds issuances	-	35,000,000	51,309,442	86,309,442
Transfers out	(21,213,599)	-	(1,040,298)	(22,253,897)
Other uses - payment to refunded general obligation bonds escrow agent	-	-	(43,790,000)	(43,790,000)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(20,661,253)	35,000,000	28,180,695	42,519,442
Net Change in Fund Balances	37,803,063	11,819,529	35,420,466	85,043,058
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	83,054,108	39,244,533	38,156,029	160,454,670
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 120,857,171	\$ 51,064,062	\$ 73,576,495	\$ 245,497,728

Hemet Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 85,043,058

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation and amortization expenses in the Statement of Activities.

This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense in the period.

Capital outlays	\$ 32,567,238
Depreciation expense	<u>(17,951,894)</u>

Net expense adjustment	14,615,344
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Loss on disposal of capital assets is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, but is not recorded in the governmental funds.	(1,514,560)
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In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences (vacations) and special termination benefits (early retirement) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This amount is the difference between vacation and early retirement earned and used.

880,990

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net pension liability during the year.

10,169,412

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on employer contributions made to OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the net OPEB liability during the year.

(4,242,077)

Hemet Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

<p>Proceeds received from general obligation bonds is a revenue in the governmental funds, but it increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.</p>	\$ (84,075,000)
<p>Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the deferred charge on refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.</p>	
Premium on issuance recognized	(2,308,492)
Discount on issuance recognized	74,050
Deferred charge on refunding recognized	2,351,107
Premium amortization	3,495,954
Discount amortization	(41,508)
Deferred charge on refunding amortization	(13,664)
<p>Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.</p>	
General obligation bonds	51,475,000
Certificates of participation	2,310,000
<p>Interest on long-term liabilities is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due; however, in the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.</p>	113,996
<p>An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of the self insurance program to the individual funds. The net revenue of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.</p>	(178,589)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 78,155,021

Hemet Unified School District
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2022

	<u>Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Transportation</u>	<u>Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund</u>
Assets		
Current assets		
Deposits and investments	\$ 14,563,882	\$ 10,122,281
Receivables	1,265,914	54,230
Due from other funds	125,723	9,118
Total current assets	<u>15,955,519</u>	<u>10,185,629</u>
Noncurrent assets		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	12,314,547	-
Total assets	<u>28,270,066</u>	<u>10,185,629</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	2,556,251	-
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	1,132,791	115,707
Due to other funds	14,541	-
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities other than OPEB and pensions	595,760	1,524,236
Total current liabilities	<u>1,743,092</u>	<u>1,639,943</u>

Hemet Unified School District
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2022

	<u>Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Transportation</u>	<u>Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund</u>
Noncurrent liabilities		
Noncurrent liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due in more than one year	\$ 1,794,895	\$ 7,403,528
Total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	2,297,592	-
Aggregate net pension liability	<u>6,817,406</u>	<u>-</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>10,909,893</u>	<u>7,403,528</u>
Total liabilities	<u>12,652,985</u>	<u>9,043,471</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	497,289	-
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	<u>3,231,876</u>	<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>3,729,165</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	10,246,085	-
Restricted for self-insurance	-	1,142,158
Unrestricted	<u>4,198,082</u>	<u>-</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 14,444,167</u>	<u>\$ 1,142,158</u>

Hemet Unified School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund <u>Transportation</u>	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund <u>Service Fund</u>
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 19,291,684	\$ -
Charges to other funds and miscellaneous revenues	(960,154)	2,402,772
Total operating revenues	<u>18,331,530</u>	<u>2,402,772</u>
Operating Expenses		
Payroll costs	1,428,691	-
Professional and contract services	380,813	2,415,496
Supplies and materials	1,023,925	-
Facility rental	247,569	-
Depreciation	1,948,746	-
Total operating expenses	<u>5,029,744</u>	<u>2,415,496</u>
Operating Income (loss)	<u>13,301,786</u>	<u>(12,724)</u>
Nonoperating Revenues		
State and local grants	991,264	-
Interest income	25,029	30,376
Unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	(274,796)	(196,241)
Total nonoperating revenues	<u>741,497</u>	<u>(165,865)</u>
Change in Net Position	14,043,283	(178,589)
Total Net Position - Beginning	<u>400,884</u>	<u>1,320,747</u>
Total Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 14,444,167</u>	<u>\$ 1,142,158</u>

Hemet Unified School District
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Transportation	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Operating Activities		
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 19,557,769	\$ 2,113,308
Cash payments to other suppliers of goods or services	(1,652,307)	(2,210,441)
Cash payments to employees for services	(1,428,691)	-
Other operating cash payments	(11,646,625)	-
Net Change for Operating Activities	4,830,146	(97,133)
Noncapital Financing Activities		
Nonoperating grants received	8,764	-
Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Acquisition of capital assets	(4,469,455)	-
Proceeds from capital debt issuance	1,767,835	-
Principal paid on capital debt	(712,589)	-
Net Change Capital and Related Financing Activities	(3,414,209)	-
Investing Activities		
Interest on investments	(249,767)	(165,865)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,174,934	(262,998)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	13,388,948	10,385,279
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 14,563,882	\$ 10,122,281

Hemet Unified School District
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Transportation</u>	<u>Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net		
Cash From (Used For) Operating Activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 13,301,786	\$ (12,724)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income		
to net cash from operating activities		
Depreciation	1,948,746	-
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Receivables	1,079,323	(51,712)
Due from other funds	518,535	93,223
Accounts payable	423,769	(35,809)
Due to other funds	(2,066,522)	(325,807)
Noncurrent liabilities	<u>(10,375,491)</u>	<u>235,696</u>
Net Cash From (Used for) Operating Activities	<u>\$ 4,830,146</u>	<u>\$ (97,133)</u>

Hemet Unified School District
Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2022

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>
Assets	
Deposits and investments	<u>\$ 5,932,002</u>
Net Position	
Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$ 5,932,002</u>

Hemet Unified School District
Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
Additions	
Contributions	
Special tax assessment	\$ 4,740,385
Bond issuance	5,566,325
Total contributions	10,306,710
Investment earnings	
Interest	11,685
Total additions	10,318,395
Deductions	
Debt service payments	8,226,280
Administrative expense	49,078
Payments to other governments	782,153
Total deductions	9,057,511
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	1,260,884
Net Position - Beginning	4,671,118
Net Position - Ending	\$ 5,932,002

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Reporting Entity

The Hemet Unified School District (the District) was established on July 1, 1966, under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected seven-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates thirteen elementary schools, two K-8 schools, four middle schools, one 6-12 school, three high schools, one continuation high school, two alternative independent study schools, an adult education school, and one charter school.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Hemet Unified School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District, in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. For financial reporting purposes, the component units described below has a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, and GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements For Certain Component Units and thus are included in the financial statements of the District. The component units, although legally separate entities, are reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if they were part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component units are essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because their purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the direct benefit of the District.

The Hemet Unified School District Public Financing Authority (the Authority) and the Hemet Unified School District School Facilities Corporation (the Corporation) financial activity are presented in the financial statements as the Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units and the Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units. Certificates of participation and other debt issued by the Authority and the Corporation are included as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Individually prepared financial statements are prepared for the Authority.

The Hemet Unified School District Community Facilities Districts (CFDs) and Public Financing Authorities (PFAs) financial activity is presented in the Fiduciary Fund financial statements as the Custodial Funds and in the Governmental Funds financial statements as the Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units. Special Tax Bonds issued by the CFDs and Special Tax Revenue Bonds issued for the PFAs are not included in the long-term liabilities of the Statement of Net Position as they are not obligations of the District. Individually prepared financial statements are not prepared for each of the CFDs.

Other Related Entity

Charter School The District has approved a Charter for the Western Center Academy Charter School (the Charter School) pursuant to *Education Code* Section 47605. The Charter School is operated by the District, and its financial activities are presented in the Charter Schools Special Revenue Fund.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into three broad fund categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Two funds currently defined as a special revenue fund in the California State Accounting Manual (CSAM) does not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund and Fund 20, Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits, are not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While these funds are authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, these funds functions effectively as an extension of the General Fund, and accordingly has been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in fund balance of \$15,091,699.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- **Student Activity Fund** The Student Activity Fund is used to account separately for the operating activities of the associated student body accounts that are not fiduciary in nature, including student clubs, general operations, athletics, and other student body activities.
- **Charter Schools Fund** The Charter Schools Fund is used by the District to account separately for the operating activities of district-operated charter schools that would otherwise be reported in the authorizing district's General Fund.
- **Adult Education Fund** The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues for restricted or committed adult education programs and is to be expended for adult education purposes only.
- **Child Development Fund** The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.
- **Cafeteria Fund** The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

- **Capital Facilities Fund** The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626 and *Government Code* Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).

- **Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects** The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section 42840*).
- **Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units** The Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units is used to account for capital projects financed by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

- **Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund are used for the repayment of bonds issued for a district (*Education Code Sections 15125-15262*).
- **Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units** The Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of the principal and interest on bonds issued by Financing Authorities and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the Local Education Agency, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting and are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District has the following proprietary funds:

- **Enterprise Funds** Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. These funds of the District account for the financial transactions related to the Transportation activities of the District.
- **Internal Service Fund** Internal service funds may be used to account for goods or services provided to other funds of the District in return for a fee to cover the cost of operations. The District operates a Self-Insurance program for health and welfare and workers' compensation services that is accounted for in an internal service fund.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District and are not available to support the District's own programs. Fiduciary funds are split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. The three types of trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangement that has certain characteristics.

Trust funds are used to account for resources held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The District does not have any trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for resources, not in a trust, that are held by the District for other parties outside the District's reporting entity. The District's custodial funds is Debt Service Fund for Special Tax Bonds.

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each governmental function, and exclude fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the *Statement of Activities*, except for depreciation and amortization of leased assets. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the internal service fund, and the restrictions on their use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major governmental funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

- **Governmental Funds** All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the statements for the governmental funds on a modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.
- **Proprietary Funds** Proprietary funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included in the *Statement of Net Position*. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund.
- **Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term liabilities, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the entity-wide statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental-type funds when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide financial *Statement of Net Position*. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets is the same as those used for the capital assets of governmental funds.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as liabilities of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases, and long-term loans are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums, and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities *Statement of Net Position*. Debt premiums and discounts related to prepaid insurance costs are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures in the period the bonds are issued.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt and for pension related items.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for pension related items and for OPEB related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan, Transportation Plan, and the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment Program (MPP) and additions to/deductions from the District Plan, Transportation Plan, and the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan, Transportation Plan, and the MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan, Transportation Plan, and the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Current Loans

Current loans consist of amounts outstanding at year end for Tax Revenue and Anticipation Notes. The notes were issued as short-term liabilities to provide cash flow needs. This liability is offset with cash deposits in the County Treasurer/Trustee, which have been set aside to repay the notes.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2022, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board. The District currently does not have any committed funds.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business officer/assistant superintendent of business services may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the District against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted on-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than five percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position net of investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The District has related debt outstanding as of June 30, 2022. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$81,420,253 of net position restricted by enabling legislation.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are charges to other funds for self-insurance. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Riverside bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Change in Accounting Principles

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 87

As of July 1, 2021, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The implementation of this standard establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. The standard requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

The provisions of this Statement have been implemented as of June 30, 2022 and did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 92

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and includes specific provisions about the following:

- The effective date of Statement No. 87, Leases, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases, for interim financial reporting
- Reporting of intra-entity transfers of assets between a primary government employer and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan
- The applicability of Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, as amended, and No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, to reporting assets accumulated for postemployment benefits

- The applicability of certain requirements of Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, to postemployment benefit arrangements
- Measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) related to asset retirement obligations (AROs) in a government acquisition
- Reporting by public entity risk pools for amounts that are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers
- Reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature
- Terminology used to refer to derivative instruments

The requirements of this Statement are effective as follows:

- The requirements related to the effective date of Statement 87 and Implementation Guide 2019-3, reinsurance recoveries, and terminology used to refer to derivative instruments are effective upon issuance.
- The requirements related to intra-entity transfers of assets and those related to the applicability of Statements 73 and 74 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.
- The requirements related to application of Statement 84 to postemployment benefit arrangements and those related to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.
- The requirements related to the measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) associated with AROs in a government acquisition are effective for government acquisitions occurring in reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

The provisions of this Statement have been implemented as of June 30, 2022 and did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 93

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR (Interbank Offered Rate). This Statement achieves that objective by:

- Providing exceptions for certain hedging derivative instruments to the hedge accounting termination provisions when an IBOR is replaced as the reference rate of the hedging derivative instrument's variable payment
- Clarifying the hedge accounting termination provisions when a hedged item is amended to replace the reference rate
- Clarifying that the uncertainty related to the continued availability of IBORs does not, by itself, affect the assessment of whether the occurrence of a hedged expected transaction is probable
- Removing LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap
- Identifying a Secured Overnight Financing Rate and the Effective Federal Funds Rate as appropriate benchmark interest rates for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap

- Clarifying the definition of reference rate, as it is used in Statement 53, as amended
- Providing an exception to the lease modifications guidance in Statement 87, as amended, for certain lease contracts that are amended solely to replace an IBOR as the rate upon which variable payments depend.

The provisions of this Statement have been implemented as of June 30, 2022 and did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 244,499,277
Business-type activities	14,563,882
Fiduciary activities	<u>5,932,002</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u><u>\$ 264,995,161</u></u>

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 4,252,601
Cash with fiscal agent	5,700,329
Cash in revolving	15,310
Investments	<u>255,026,921</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u><u>\$ 264,995,161</u></u>

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District’s investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District’s pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Authorized Under Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Pool and purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Weighted Average Maturity

The District monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio. Information about the weighted average maturity of the District’s portfolio is presented in the following schedule:

Investment Type	Reported Amount	Weighted Average Maturity In Days
Governmental Activities		
Riverside County Investment Pool	\$ 226,480,031	434
Business-Type Activities		
Riverside County Investment Pool	24,643,397	434
Fiduciary Activities		
U.S. Agencies	2,542,815	478
Commercial paper	1,360,678	106
Subtotal	3,903,493	
Total	\$ 255,026,921	

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code, the District’s investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type.

Investment Type	Reported Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	Rating as of Year End	
			Aaa-bf	Aaa
Governmental Activities				
Riverside County Investment Pool	<u>\$ 226,480,031</u>	N/A	<u>\$ 226,480,031</u>	<u>-</u>
Business-Type Activities				
Riverside County Investment Pool	<u>24,643,397</u>	N/A	<u>24,643,397</u>	<u>-</u>
Fiduciary Activities				
U.S. Agencies	2,542,815	N/A	-	2,542,815
Commercial paper	<u>1,360,678</u>	N/A	<u>-</u>	<u>1,360,678</u>
Subtotal	<u>3,903,493</u>		<u>-</u>	<u>3,903,493</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 255,026,921</u></u>		<u><u>\$ 251,123,428</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 3,903,493</u></u>

N/A - Not applicable

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government code. All investments of the District other than the investments in commercial paper are exempt. The commercial paper has the limitations of a maximum percentage of portfolio not to exceed 25% and a maximum investment in one issuer of the portfolio not to exceed 10%. The investments in commercial paper do not exceed either of these limitations as of year-end.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2022, the District's bank balance \$7,451,427 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

Note 3 - Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.
- Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.
- Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

The District's fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2022:

Investment Type	Reported Amount	Fair Value Measurements Using Level 2 Inputs	Uncategorized
Governmental Activities			
Riverside County Pooled Investments	\$ 226,480,031	\$ -	\$ 226,480,031
Business-Type Activities			
Riverside County Pooled Investments	24,643,397	-	24,643,397
Fiduciary Activities			
U.S. Agencies	2,542,815	2,542,815	-
Commercial paper	1,360,678	1,360,678	-
Subtotal	3,903,493	3,903,493	-
Total	\$ 255,026,921	\$ 3,903,493	\$ 251,123,428

All assets have been valued using a market approach, with quoted market prices.

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2022, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Internal Service Fund	Total	Enterprise Fund
Federal Government						
Categorical aid	\$ 35,086,766	\$ -	\$ 499,013	\$ -	\$ 35,585,779	\$ -
State Government						
LCFF apportionment	825,266	-	99,678	-	924,944	-
Categorical aid	5,466,570	-	701,271	-	6,167,841	-
Lottery	1,217,425	-	43,770	-	1,261,195	-
Local Government						
Interest	203,056	115,997	49,052	-	368,105	-
Other local sources	3,280,730	-	64,982	54,230	3,399,942	1,265,914
Total	\$ 46,079,813	\$ 115,997	\$ 1,457,766	\$ 54,230	\$ 47,707,806	\$ 1,265,914

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 24,843,807	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,843,807
Construction in progress	22,637,410	26,629,046	(21,083,145)	28,183,311
Total capital assets not being depreciated	47,481,217	26,629,046	(21,083,145)	53,027,118
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	604,205,351	24,848,578	(70,000)	628,983,929
Furniture and equipment	29,636,122	2,172,759	(6,755,636)	25,053,245
Total capital assets being depreciated	633,841,473	27,021,337	(6,825,636)	654,037,174
Total capital assets	681,322,690	53,650,383	(27,908,781)	707,064,292
Accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(230,193,305)	(16,601,216)	70,000	(246,724,521)
Furniture and equipment	(20,296,346)	(1,350,678)	5,241,076	(16,405,948)
Total accumulated depreciation	(250,489,651)	(17,951,894)	5,311,076	(263,130,469)
Net depreciable capital assets	383,351,822	9,069,443	(1,514,560)	390,906,705
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 430,833,039	\$ 35,698,489	\$ (22,597,705)	\$ 443,933,823
Business-Type Activities				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 26,236,027	\$ 4,469,455	\$ -	\$ 30,705,482
Less accumulated depreciation	(16,442,189)	(1,948,746)	-	(18,390,935)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,793,838	\$ 2,520,709	\$ -	\$ 12,314,547
Total	\$ 440,626,877	\$ 38,219,198	\$ (22,597,705)	\$ 456,248,370

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to governmental and business-type functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 14,828,240
School site administration	484,703
Food services	843,739
All other administration	1,059,161
Plant services	<u>736,051</u>
Total depreciation expenses governmental activities	<u>17,951,894</u>
Business-Type Activities	
Home-to-school transportation	<u>1,948,746</u>
Total depreciation expenses all activities	<u><u>\$ 19,900,640</u></u>

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2022, between major and non-major governmental funds, and proprietary funds are as follows:

Due To	Due From				Total
	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Activities	Enterprise Fund	
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 773,620	\$ 773,620	\$ 14,541	\$ 788,161
Non-Major Governmental Funds	17,666,980	4,283	17,671,263	-	17,671,263
Internal Service Fund	<u>9,118</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,118</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,118</u>
Total governmental activities	17,676,098	777,903	18,454,001	14,541	18,468,542
Enterprise Fund	<u>125,723</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>125,723</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>125,723</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 17,801,821</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 777,903</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 18,579,724</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 14,541</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 18,594,265</u></u>

A balance of \$249,645 is due to the Charter Schools Non-Major Governmental Fund from the General Fund for In-Lieu final calculation.

A balance of \$17,297,516 is due to the Special Reserve Non-Major Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay Projects from the General Fund for capital outlay projects.

A balance of \$590,692 is due to the General Fund from the Charter Schools Fund for reimbursement of costs.

Remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the date that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

The General Fund transferred to the Debt Service Non-Major Governmental Fund for Blended Component Units for debt service payments.	\$ 3,916,083
The Charter Schools Non-Major Governmental Fund transferred to the General Fund for transportation and special education encroachment.	552,346
The Capital Projects Non-Major Governmental Fund for Blended Component Units transferred to the Capital Facilities Non-Major Governmental Fund for capital projects.	487,952
The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for future capital projects.	<u>17,297,516</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 22,253,897</u></u>

Note 7 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Internal Service Fund	Total	Enterprise Fund
Vendor payables	\$ 7,319,182	\$ 47,603	\$ 712,311	\$ 115,707	\$ 8,194,803	\$ 438,706
LCFF apportionment	4,233,783	-	1,188,696	-	5,422,479	-
Salaries and benefits	5,165,491	-	386,630	-	5,552,121	694,085
Other payables	345,781	-	-	-	345,781	-
Capital outlay	625,102	3,416,136	350,291	-	4,391,529	-
Total	<u>\$ 17,689,339</u>	<u>\$ 3,463,739</u>	<u>\$ 2,637,928</u>	<u>\$ 115,707</u>	<u>\$ 23,906,713</u>	<u>\$ 1,132,791</u>

Note 8 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Federal financial assistance	\$ 2,667,646	\$ 140,000	\$ 2,807,646
State categorical aid	11,142,338	1,105,985	12,248,323
Total	\$ 13,809,984	\$ 1,245,985	\$ 15,055,969

Note 9 - Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANS)

On March 30, 2021, the District issued \$17,470,000 of Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes bearing interest at 0.16% - 0.26%. The notes were issued to supplement cash flows. Interest and principal were due and payable on December 31, 2021 and January 31, 2022.

Changes in the outstanding liabilities for the Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes are as follows:

Issue Date	Rate	Maturity Date	Outstanding July 1, 2021	Additions	Payments	Outstanding June 30, 2022
03/30/21	0.16%	12/31/21	\$ 16,060,000	\$ -	\$ (16,060,000)	\$ -
03/30/21	0.26%	01/31/22	679,757	-	(679,757)	-
			\$ 16,739,757	\$ -	\$ (16,739,757)	\$ -

Note 10 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions

Summary

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions for the year ended June 30, 2022, is shown below:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Due in One Year
Long-Term Liabilities					
Governmental Activities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 198,510,000	\$ 84,075,000	\$ (51,475,000)	\$ 231,110,000	\$ 8,530,000
Certificates of participation	40,720,000	-	(2,310,000)	38,410,000	2,465,000
Unamortized debt premiums	14,732,263	2,308,492	(3,495,954)	13,544,801	-
Unamortized debt discounts	(55,344)	(74,050)	41,508	(87,886)	-
Supplemental early retirement plan	5,720,925	-	(1,144,185)	4,576,740	1,144,185
Compensated absences	1,621,417	263,195	-	1,884,612	-
Claims liability	8,692,068	1,566,251	(1,330,555)	8,927,764	1,524,236
Subtotal	<u>269,941,329</u>	<u>88,138,888</u>	<u>(59,714,186)</u>	<u>298,366,031</u>	<u>13,663,421</u>
Business-Type Activities					
Financed purchase agreements	1,013,214	1,767,835	(712,587)	2,068,462	595,760
Compensated absences	332,607	-	(10,414)	322,193	-
Subtotal	<u>1,345,821</u>	<u>1,767,835</u>	<u>(723,001)</u>	<u>2,390,655</u>	<u>595,760</u>
Total	<u>\$ 271,287,150</u>	<u>\$ 89,906,723</u>	<u>\$ (60,437,187)</u>	<u>\$ 300,756,686</u>	<u>\$ 14,259,181</u>

Payments on general obligation bonds are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local revenues. Payments on the certificates of participation are made by the Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units. Payments for capital leases are made by the Transportation Enterprise Fund. Payments on the supplemental early retirement plan are made by the General Fund. The claims liability is to be paid by the Internal Service Fund. The compensated absences is to be paid by the General Fund, Charter School Fund, Adult Education Fund, Child Development Fund, Cafeteria Fund, and the Transportation Enterprise Fund. Additions and deductions from compensated absences are reported to its net cumulative change in the current year.

2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On September 15, 2021, the District issued \$49,075,000 of 2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. A portion of the bonds were issued to refund certain maturities of the 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds and the 2014 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. As a result, the outstanding obligation of the general obligation bonds is considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the government-wide statement of net position. The refunding resulted in a cumulative cash flow savings of \$5,162,939 over the life of the new debt and an economic gain of \$(841,442) based on the difference between the present value of the existing debt service requirements and the new debt service requirements discounted at 2.22%.

General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds			Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2022
				Outstanding July 1, 2021	Issued	Redeemed	
07/18/12	08/01/28	1.25%-4.00%	\$ 21,260,000	\$ 11,620,000	\$ -	\$ (8,300,000)	\$ 3,320,000
12/16/14	08/01/38	3.00% - 5.00%	93,170,000	78,255,000	-	(40,290,000)	37,965,000
05/19/15	08/01/40	3.13% - 5.00%	49,000,000	47,365,000	-	(670,000)	46,695,000
02/26/19	08/01/46	2.25% - 5.00%	27,500,000	26,980,000	-	(1,080,000)	25,900,000
07/15/20	08/01/46	2.00% - 5.00%	26,500,000	26,500,000	-	-	26,500,000
07/15/20	08/01/26	5.00%	7,790,000	7,790,000	-	(1,135,000)	6,655,000
09/15/21	08/01/46	2.50% - 5.00%	35,000,000	-	35,000,000	-	35,000,000
09/15/21	08/01/38	0.35% - 2.50%	49,075,000	-	49,075,000	-	49,075,000
				<u>\$ 198,510,000</u>	<u>\$ 84,075,000</u>	<u>\$ (51,475,000)</u>	<u>\$ 231,110,000</u>

The outstanding certificates of participation debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Certificates of Participation			Certificates of Participation Outstanding June 30, 2022
				Outstanding July 1, 2021	Issued	Redeemed	
09/30/15	10/01/28	2.00% - 5.00%	\$ 16,690,000	\$ 11,065,000	\$ -	\$ (1,225,000)	\$ 9,840,000
09/30/16	10/01/34	3.00% - 5.00%	23,965,000	23,965,000	-	-	23,965,000
09/30/16	10/01/23	1.59% - 2.74%	6,225,000	2,765,000	-	(1,060,000)	1,705,000
11/06/19	10/01/31	3.00% - 4.00%	2,925,000	2,925,000	-	(25,000)	2,900,000
				<u>\$ 40,720,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (2,310,000)</u>	<u>\$ 38,410,000</u>

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The current interest bonds mature as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest to Maturity</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 8,530,000	\$ 7,268,403	\$ 15,798,403
2024	8,440,000	6,921,049	15,361,049
2025	8,560,000	6,590,463	15,150,463
2026	8,765,000	6,279,344	15,044,344
2027	9,190,000	5,979,127	15,169,127
2028-2032	44,795,000	26,040,337	70,835,337
2033-2037	57,035,000	18,251,829	75,286,829
2038-2042	49,395,000	8,896,738	58,291,738
2043-2047	36,400,000	2,824,162	39,224,162
Total	\$ 231,110,000	\$ 89,051,452	\$ 320,161,452

The current interest certificates of participation mature as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest to Maturity</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 2,465,000	\$ 1,528,237	\$ 3,993,237
2024	2,625,000	1,431,957	4,056,957
2025	2,820,000	1,313,063	4,133,063
2026	3,030,000	1,181,838	4,211,838
2027	3,250,000	1,049,513	4,299,513
2028-2032	15,785,000	3,123,081	18,908,081
2033-2035	8,435,000	446,650	8,881,650
Total	\$ 38,410,000	\$ 10,074,339	\$ 48,484,339

Financed Purchase Agreement

The District’s liability on financed purchase agreements with options to purchase is summarized below:

	Business-Type Activities Transportation
Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 1,070,986
Additions	1,883,423
Payments	(778,022)
	\$ 2,176,387

The finance purchase agreement have minimum payments as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Financed Purchase Payment
2023	\$ 644,544
2024	644,544
2025	510,614
2026	376,685
	2,176,387
	Less amount representing interest
	(107,925)
	\$ 2,068,462

Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan (SERP)

The District offered an early retirement incentive to qualified employees under a qualified plan of Section 401 A of the Internal Revenue Code. This benefit is paid out annually to the retiree in equal installments annually for a period up to five year. Currently, there are 124 employees participating in the plan and the District’s obligation to those retirees as of June 30, 2022, is \$4,576,740.

Future payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Annual Payment
2023	\$ 1,144,185
2024	1,144,185
2025	1,144,185
2026	1,144,185
Total	\$ 4,576,740

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences (unpaid employee vacation) for the Governmental Activities and the Business-Type Activities at June 30, 2022, amounted to \$1,884,612 and \$322,193, respectively.

Claims Liability

The District has an outstanding long-term liability for claims for the District's Workers' Compensation Insurance Program in the amount of \$8,927,764.

Note 11 - Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District reported net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows or resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	Net OPEB Liability	Deferred Inflows of Resources	OPEB Expense
District Plan	\$ 28,751,073	\$ 9,568,916	\$ 6,690,138
Transportation Plan	2,297,367	497,289	347,681
Medicare Payment Protection (MPP) Program	1,363,524	-	287,096
Total	\$ 32,411,964	\$ 10,066,205	\$ 7,324,915

The details of each plan are as follows:

District and Transportation Plan

Plan Administration

The District’s Governing Board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2022, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	131
Active employees	2,556
	2,687
Total	2,687

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the plan. The Hemet Unified School District’s Governing Board (the Governing Board) has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

Benefit Payments

The benefit payment requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and the Hemet Teachers Association (HTA), the local California School Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The benefit payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements as determined annually through the agreements with the District, HTA, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups are based on availability of funds. For the measurement date of June 30, 2022, the District paid \$1,083,593 in benefits.

Total OPEB Liability of the District and Transportation

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	2.75 percent, average, including inflation
Discount rate	3.54 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00 percent

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. (Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used.) If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reeducation. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 38,086,259
Service cost	3,019,256
Interest	843,568
Differences between expected and actual experience	(6,501,909)
Changes of assumptions	(3,315,141)
Benefit payments	(1,083,593)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(7,037,819)
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 31,048,440

No changes to benefits noted from the prior evaluation.

Change in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.16% in 2021 to 3.54% in 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District’s total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (2.54%)	\$ 33,428,239
Current discount rate (3.54%)	31,048,440
1% increase (4.54%)	28,800,753

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District’s total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare costs trend rates:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.00%)	\$ 27,430,891
Current healthcare cost trend rate (4.00%)	31,048,440
1% increase (5.00%)	35,323,280

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District and Transportation recognized OPEB expense of \$6,690,138 and \$347,681, respectively. At June 30, 2022, District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB from the following sources.

	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 9,060,579
Changes of assumptions	1,005,626
Total	\$ 10,066,205

The deferred outflows of resources for OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date will be recognized as reduction of the total OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The remaining deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2023	\$ (700,585)
2024	(700,585)
2025	(700,585)
2026	(700,585)
2027	(700,585)
Thereafter	(6,563,280)
Total	\$ (10,066,205)

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

Plan Description

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers’ Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers’ Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2020 annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB) Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District benefit payments. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,363,524 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The District’s proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District’s long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District’s proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2021, was 0.3419%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$287,096.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The June 30, 2021 net OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the net OPEB liability to June 30, 2021, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Valuation Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Experience Study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018	June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	2.16%	2.21%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	4.50%	4.50%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.40%	5.40%

For the valuation as of June 30, 2020, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members’ age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 245 or an average of 0.16% of the potentially eligible population (152,062).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2021, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, is 2.16%. As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as previously noted, the OPEB Plan’s fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, a discount rate of 2.16%, which is the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2021, was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the net OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (1.16%)	\$ 1,502,977
Current discount rate (2.16%)	1,363,524
1% increase (3.16%)	1,244,375

Sensitivity of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Costs Trend Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.50% Part A and 4.40% Part B)	\$ 1,239,966
Current Medicare costs trend rate (4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B)	1,363,524
1% increase (5.50% Part A and 6.40% Part B)	1,505,179

Note 12 - Non-Obligatory Debt

Non-obligatory debt relates to debt issuances by the Community Facility Districts, as authorized by the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 as amended, and the Mark-Roos Local Bond Pooling Act of 1985, and are payable from special taxes levied on property within the Community Facilities Districts according to a methodology approved by the voters within the District. Neither the faith and credit nor taxing power of the District is pledged to the payment of the bonds. Reserves have been established from the bond proceeds to meet delinquencies should they occur. If delinquencies occur beyond the amounts held in those reserves, the District has no duty to pay the delinquency out of any available funds of the District. The District acts solely as an agent for those paying taxes levied and the bondholders and may initiate foreclosure proceedings. Special assessment debt of \$29,515,000 as of June 30, 2022, does not represent debt of the District and, as such, does not appear in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Note 13 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable				
Revolving cash	\$ 12,770	\$ -	\$ 2,540	\$ 15,310
Stores inventories	1,529,341	-	861,925	2,391,266
Total nonspendable	1,542,111	-	864,465	2,406,576
Restricted				
Legally restricted programs	32,098,595	-	5,714,603	37,813,198
Capital projects	-	51,064,062	26,313,361	77,377,423
Debt services	-	-	23,314,449	23,314,449
Total restricted	32,098,595	51,064,062	55,342,413	138,505,070
Committed				
Health and Welfare HTA Reserve	298,508	-	-	298,508
Supplemental and concentration Grant carryover for LCAP Priorities	14,870,609	-	-	14,870,609
Reserve for deficit spending	24,497,837	-	-	24,497,837
Total committed	39,666,954	-	-	39,666,954
Assigned				
Other postemployment benefits	15,090,552	-	-	15,090,552
Other	14,420,841	-	17,369,617	31,790,458
Total assigned	29,511,393	-	17,369,617	46,881,010
Unassigned				
Reserve for economic uncertainties	18,038,118	-	-	18,038,118
Total	\$ 120,857,171	\$ 51,064,062	\$ 73,576,495	\$ 245,497,728

Note 14 - Risk Management

Description

The District's risk management activities are recorded in the General and Self-Insurance Funds. Employee life, health, vision, dental, disability, and workers' compensation programs are administered by the District. The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; life and health of employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance through Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund Joint Powers Authority for first party damage with coverage up to a maximum of \$250 million, subject to Member Retained Limits ranging from \$250 to \$5,000 per occurrence. The District also purchases commercial insurance for general liability claims with coverage up to \$1 million per occurrence with excess liability coverage up to \$24 million per occurrence and \$52 million aggregate, all subject to a \$5,000 Member Retained Limit per occurrence. The District self-insures workers' compensation coverage up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence with excess coverage up to \$10,000,000.

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the District contracted with Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (SoCal ReLiEF) for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with California Schools Employee Benefits Association (CSEBA) to provide employee health benefits. CSEBA is a shared risk pool comprised of Districts state-wide. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

Claims Liabilities

The District records an estimated liability for indemnity torts and other claims against the District. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred, but not reported based on historical experience.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities

The fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represent the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the District from July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2022:

	Workers' Compensation
Liability Balance, July 1, 2020	\$ 10,478,313
Claims and changes in estimates	48,545
Claims payments	(1,834,790)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2021	8,692,068
Claims and changes in estimates	1,812,209
Claims payments	(1,576,513)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 8,927,764
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2022	\$ 10,185,629

Note 15 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
CalSTRS	\$ 103,495,149	\$ 46,307,713	\$ 93,810,745	\$ 10,067,694
CalPERS	81,837,989	17,935,617	35,618,075	8,040,479
Total	\$ 185,333,138	\$ 64,243,330	\$ 129,428,820	\$ 18,108,173

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2020, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit formula	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit vesting schedule	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Benefit payments	60	62
Retirement age	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	10.25%	10.205%
Required employee contribution rate	16.92%	16.92%
Required employer contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%
Required state contribution rate		

Contributions

Required member, District, and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers’ Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, are presented above and the District’s total contributions were \$22,689,734.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share	
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 103,495,149
State’s proportionate share of the net pension liability	52,074,745
Total	\$ 155,569,894

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The District’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District’s long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District’s proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, was 0.2274% and 0.2235%, respectively, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0039%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$10,067,694. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$1,781,673 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 22,689,734	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	8,694,555	929,376
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	81,867,328
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	259,261	11,014,041
Changes of assumptions	14,664,163	-
	\$ 46,307,713	\$ 93,810,745
Total		

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2023	\$ (20,789,392)
2024	(19,015,502)
2025	(19,487,402)
2026	(22,575,032)
	(81,867,328)
Total	\$ (81,867,328)

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District’s proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2023	\$ 6,797,197
2024	6,757,189
2025	595,937
2026	(808,110)
2027	(611,098)
Thereafter	(1,056,553)
Total	\$ 11,674,562

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2019 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	42%	4.8%
Fixed income	15%	1.3%
Real estate	13%	3.6%
Private equity	12%	6.3%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	1.8%
Inflation sensitive	6%	3.3%
Cash/liquidity	2%	-0.4%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 210,679,081
Current discount rate (7.10%)	103,495,149
1% increase (8.10%)	14,534,532

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) and the Safety Risk Pool under the California Public Employees’ Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees’ Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2020, annual actuarial valuation reports, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation, and the Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation Report, Safety. These reports and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications>.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provide service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member’s final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member’s beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee’s eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees’ Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	7.00%
Required employer contribution rate	22.91%	22.91%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees’ Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$14,494,786.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2022, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$81,837,989. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The District’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District’s long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District’s proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, was 0.4025% and 0.4093%, respectively, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0068%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$8,040,479. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 14,494,786	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District’s proportionate share of contributions	997,757	4,018,165
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	31,406,984
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	2,443,074	192,926
Changes of assumptions	-	-
	\$ 17,935,617	\$ 35,618,075
Total		

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2023	\$ (7,876,844)
2024	(7,243,463)
2025	(7,551,784)
2026	(8,734,893)
Total	\$ (31,406,984)

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 4.1 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources
2023	\$ 945,254
2024	(1,106,861)
2025	(561,138)
2026	(47,515)
Total	\$ (770,260)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.15%
Investment rate of return	7.15%
Consumer price inflation	2.50%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP-2016.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first ten years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity	50%	5.98%
Fixed income	28%	2.62%
Inflation assets	0%	1.81%
Private equity	8%	7.23%
Real assets	13%	4.93%
Liquidity	1%	-0.92%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.15%)	\$ 137,990,341
Current discount rate (7.15%)	81,837,989
1% increase (8.15%)	35,219,488

Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer’s existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by social security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use the Social Security as its alternative plan.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$14,626,075 (10.828% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual Budget Act for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements.

Note 16 - Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

Capital Project	Remaining Construction Commitment	Expected Date of Completion
Modernization at various sites		
Asphalt and Slurry Project (Multiple Sites)	\$ 233,527	2022-2023
Athletic Field Lighting (High Schools)	239,829	2022-2023
BC Roofing Project	262,882	2022-2023
Fruitvale Site Improvements	84,694	2022-2023
HVAC Replacement Project	5,713,413	2023-2024
Idyllwild Site Work	60,939	2022-2023
IT LCD Project	61,576	2022-2023
Little Lake Modernization	4,362,964	2022-2023
Nutrition Center - Flooring Project	33,000	2022-2023
PDSC Expansion	225,125	2023-2024
PDSC Relo Additions	48,100	2023-2024
Hamilton ES Playground Improvements	76,701	2022-2023
Preschool Playground Improvements	249,705	2022-2023
Ramona Modernization	879,710	2023-2024
Relo Additions (Multiple Sites)	415,987	2023-2024
Restroom Relo Project (Hamilton HS)	905	2022-2023
StoreFront Project (Multiple Sites)	10,770	2023-2024
THS CTE Site Improvements	13,950	2022-2023
Valle Vista Annex DSA Certification	6,000	2023-2024
Whittier Modernization	709,499	2024-2025
WVHS CTE Site Improvements	20,887	2022-2023
Total	<u>\$ 13,710,163</u>	

Note 17 - Participation Joint Powers Authority

The District is a member of the California Schools Employee Benefits Association (CSEBA) and the Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (SoCal ReLIEF) a joint powers authority (JPA). The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that it is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the JPA and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District made payments of \$30,287,925 and \$2,505,694 to CSEBA and SoCal ReLiEF, respectively, for its health coverage and property liability.



Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2022

Hemet Unified School District

Hemet Unified School District
 Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund
 Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variances - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		Final to Actual
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 246,389,324	\$ 257,744,346	\$ 257,863,755	\$ 119,409
Federal sources ²	18,324,042	38,162,945	58,716,227	20,553,282
Other State sources ²	30,631,760	44,470,648	51,885,021	7,414,373
Other local sources	20,548,679	22,038,631	19,478,029	(2,560,602)
Total revenues ¹	<u>315,893,805</u>	<u>362,416,570</u>	<u>387,943,032</u>	<u>25,526,462</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
Certificated salaries	130,920,017	135,455,343	136,820,452	(1,365,109)
Classified salaries	55,007,469	51,194,862	50,652,075	542,787
Employee benefits	75,892,246	74,443,193	75,086,214	(643,021)
Books and supplies	37,294,222	22,408,805	18,163,594	4,245,211
Services and operating expenditures	60,450,470	50,861,296	44,197,539	6,663,757
Other outgo	997,918	(156,964)	(863,126)	706,162
Capital outlay	4,309,889	8,370,138	5,421,968	2,948,170
Debt service				
Debt service - principal	2,236,351	2,098,799	-	2,098,799
Debt service - interest and other	1,574,057	1,587,762	-	1,587,762
Total expenditures ¹	<u>368,682,639</u>	<u>346,263,234</u>	<u>329,478,716</u>	<u>16,784,518</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>(52,788,834)</u>	<u>16,153,336</u>	<u>58,464,316</u>	<u>42,310,980</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	4,839,729	4,563,123	552,346	(4,010,777)
Transfers out	-	(3,528,485)	(21,213,599)	(17,685,114)
Net financing sources (uses)	<u>4,839,729</u>	<u>1,034,638</u>	<u>(20,661,253)</u>	<u>(21,695,891)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	(47,949,105)	17,187,974	37,803,063	20,615,089
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>83,054,108</u>	<u>83,054,108</u>	<u>83,054,108</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 35,105,003</u>	<u>\$ 100,242,082</u>	<u>\$ 120,857,171</u>	<u>\$ 20,615,089</u>

- 1 Due to the consolidation of Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund and Fund 20, Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the Actual (GAAP Basis) revenues and expenditures, however are not included in the original and final General Fund budgets.
- 2 Revenues received for CARES Act (COVID-19) were included in the adopted budget, unspent funds were recorded as unearned revenue in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

Hemet Unified School District
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 3,019,256	\$ 2,920,515	\$ 3,189,197	\$ 2,958,458	\$ 2,879,278
Interest	843,568	797,112	1,222,862	1,088,299	1,068,087
Difference between expected and actual experience	(6,501,909)	-	(3,722,688)	-	-
Changes of assumptions	(3,315,141)	121,685	1,806,063	755,071	-
Benefit payments	(1,083,593)	(1,050,343)	(1,084,900)	(1,060,211)	(1,019,434)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(7,037,819)	2,788,969	1,410,534	3,741,617	2,927,931
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	<u>38,086,259</u>	<u>35,297,290</u>	<u>33,886,756</u>	<u>30,145,139</u>	<u>27,217,208</u>
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 31,048,440</u>	<u>\$ 38,086,259</u>	<u>\$ 35,297,290</u>	<u>\$ 33,886,756</u>	<u>\$ 30,145,139</u>
Covered Payroll	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019

¹ The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Hemet Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year ended June 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.3419%	0.3895%	0.3878%	0.3887%	0.3691%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,363,524	\$ 1,650,620	\$ 1,444,124	\$ 1,487,816	\$ 1,552,626
Covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	-0.80%	-0.71%	-0.81%	-0.40%	0.01%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

¹ As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Hemet Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
CalSTRS					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.2274%	0.2235%	0.2192%	0.2166%	0.2038%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 103,495,149	\$ 216,622,626	\$ 197,984,969	\$ 199,031,497	\$ 188,518,139
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	52,074,745	111,668,989	108,014,018	113,954,840	111,525,738
Total	<u>\$ 155,569,894</u>	<u>\$ 328,291,615</u>	<u>\$ 305,998,987</u>	<u>\$ 312,986,337</u>	<u>\$ 300,043,877</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 124,983,325</u>	<u>\$ 123,919,474</u>	<u>\$ 121,734,902</u>	<u>\$ 117,924,823</u>	<u>\$ 110,506,645</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>82.81%</u>	<u>174.81%</u>	<u>162.64%</u>	<u>168.78%</u>	<u>170.59%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>87%</u>	<u>72%</u>	<u>73%</u>	<u>71%</u>	<u>69%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
CalPERS					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.4025%	0.4093%	0.4157%	0.4001%	0.3950%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 81,837,989	\$ 125,574,879	\$ 121,156,596	\$ 106,672,428	\$ 94,289,877
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 58,899,971</u>	<u>\$ 59,079,535</u>	<u>\$ 59,091,651</u>	<u>\$ 65,038,729</u>	<u>\$ 54,065,452</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>138.94%</u>	<u>212.55%</u>	<u>205.03%</u>	<u>164.01%</u>	<u>174.40%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>81%</u>	<u>70%</u>	<u>70%</u>	<u>71%</u>	<u>72%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Hemet Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
CalSTRS			
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.2081%	0.2040%	0.1826%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 168,316,604	\$ 137,370,181	\$ 106,695,256
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	95,819,640	72,653,682	64,427,202
Total	<u>\$ 264,136,244</u>	<u>\$ 210,023,863</u>	<u>\$ 171,122,458</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 104,777,884</u>	<u>\$ 94,422,286</u>	<u>\$ 101,633,888</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>160.64%</u>	<u>145.48%</u>	<u>104.98%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>70%</u>	<u>74%</u>	<u>77%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
CalPERS			
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.3874%	0.3753%	0.3178%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 76,508,391	\$ 55,315,901	\$ 40,039,851
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 66,483,861</u>	<u>\$ 41,568,601</u>	<u>\$ 42,763,912</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>115.08%</u>	<u>133.07%</u>	<u>93.63%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>74%</u>	<u>79%</u>	<u>83%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Hemet Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Contributions
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
CalSTRS					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 22,689,734	\$ 20,184,807	\$ 21,190,230	\$ 19,818,442	\$ 17,016,552
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>22,689,734</u>	<u>20,184,807</u>	<u>21,190,230</u>	<u>19,818,442</u>	<u>17,016,552</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 134,100,083</u>	<u>\$ 124,983,325</u>	<u>\$ 123,919,474</u>	<u>\$ 121,734,902</u>	<u>\$ 117,924,823</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>16.92%</u>	<u>16.15%</u>	<u>17.10%</u>	<u>16.28%</u>	<u>14.43%</u>
CalPERS					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 14,494,786	\$ 12,192,294	\$ 11,651,075	\$ 10,673,134	\$ 10,101,165
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>14,494,786</u>	<u>12,192,294</u>	<u>11,651,075</u>	<u>10,673,134</u>	<u>10,101,165</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 63,268,381</u>	<u>\$ 58,899,971</u>	<u>\$ 59,079,535</u>	<u>\$ 59,091,651</u>	<u>\$ 65,038,729</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>22.910%</u>	<u>20.700%</u>	<u>19.721%</u>	<u>18.062%</u>	<u>15.531%</u>

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Hemet Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Contributions
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
CaSTRS			
Contractually required contribution	\$ 13,901,736	\$ 11,242,667	\$ 8,384,699
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>13,901,736</u>	<u>11,242,667</u>	<u>8,384,699</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 110,506,645</u>	<u>\$ 104,777,884</u>	<u>\$ 94,422,286</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>12.58%</u>	<u>10.73%</u>	<u>8.88%</u>
CaPERS			
Contractually required contribution	\$ 7,508,610	\$ 7,876,343	\$ 4,893,040
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>7,508,610</u>	<u>7,876,343</u>	<u>4,893,040</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 54,065,452</u>	<u>\$ 66,483,861</u>	<u>\$ 41,568,601</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>13.888%</u>	<u>11.847%</u>	<u>11.771%</u>

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the total OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances, the plan's fiduciary net position, and the total OPEB liability. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Change in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation for other postemployment benefits.
- *Change of Assumptions* – Liability changes resulting from changes in economic and demographic assumptions are also deferred based on the average working life. In addition, the discount rate was changed from 2.16% to 3.54%.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability – MPP Program and the plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 2.21% to 2.16% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Changes in Benefit Terms – There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Change of Assumptions – There were no changes in economic assumptions for either the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans from the previous valuations.

Schedule of the District's Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.



Supplementary Information
June 30, 2022

Hemet Unified School District

Hemet Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amount Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE)				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
Especially Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526	\$ 2,389,978	\$ -
Subtotal			<u>2,389,978</u>	<u>-</u>
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	10,030,545	-
National School Lunch Program - Commodity Supplemental Food	10.555	13391	856,188	-
COVID-19: SNP Emergency Operational Costs Reimbursement (ECR)	10.555	15637	698,518	-
Subtotal			<u>11,585,251</u>	<u>-</u>
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	14968	73,918	-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>14,049,147</u>	<u>-</u>
Passed Through California Department of Social Services				
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	13393	722,237	-
COVID-19: CACFP Emergency Operational Costs Reimbursement (ECR)	10.558	15577	22,121	-
Subtotal			<u>744,358</u>	<u>-</u>

Hemet Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amount Passed Through to Subrecipients
Forest Services Schools and Road Cluster				
Forest Reserve	10.665	10044	\$ 76,232	\$ -
Total Forest Services School and Road Cluster			<u>76,232</u>	<u>-</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>14,869,737</u>	<u>-</u>
U.S. Department of Defense				
Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps - Air Force	12.000	[N/A]	<u>28,444</u>	<u>-</u>
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed Through Riverside County Special Education Local Plan Area				
Special Education Cluster				
Special Education Grants to States - Basic Local Assistance	84.027	13379	4,133,849	-
Special Education Grants to States - Mental Health	84.027	14468	242,987	-
COVID-19: Special Education Grants to States - American Rescue Plan (ARP)				
Basic Local Assistance	84.027	15638	<u>860,022</u>	<u>-</u>
Subtotal			<u>5,236,858</u>	<u>-</u>
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	13430	87,043	-
COVID-19: Special Education Preschool Grants - ARP	84.173	15639	<u>76,300</u>	<u>-</u>
Subtotal			<u>163,343</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>5,400,201</u>	<u>-</u>

[N/A] Not applicable

Hemet Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amount Passed Through to Subrecipients
Passed Through CDE				
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	15536	\$ 4,467,759	\$ 172
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	15547	13,086,072	-
COVID-19: ARP Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425U	15559	22,504,506	-
COVID-19: ARP Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund: Learning Loss	84.425U	10155	23,823	-
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund: State Reserve	84.425D	15618	62,261	-
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund: State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425D	15621	75,664	-
COVID-19: Governor’s Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund	84.425C	15517	768,810	382
COVID-19: Governor’s Emergency Education Relief II (GEER II) Fund, State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425C	15619	15,454	-
COVID-19: ARP Homeless Children and Youth (ARP HYC I)	84.425W	15564	9,952	-
COVID-19: ARP Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP HYC II)	84.425W	15566	7,567	-
Subtotal			41,021,868	554
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	14329	7,700,432	32,078
School Improvement Funding for LEAs	84.010	15438	457,643	-
Subtotal			8,158,075	32,078

Hemet Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amount Passed Through to Subrecipients
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	\$ 810,011	\$ 8,211
English Language Acquisition State Grants - LEP	84.365	14346	351,276	1,042
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	15396	505,357	7,269
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	14349	522,980	-
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	14894	209,228	-
Indian Education Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.060	10011	25,164	-
Rehabilitation Services Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States - Workability II	84.126	10006	36,278	-
Student Financial Assistance Cluster				
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033	[N/A]	43,030	-
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster			43,030	-
Total U.S. Department of Education			57,083,468	49,154
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed Through California Department of Health and Human Services				
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster				
COVID-19: Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	15555	159,563	-
COVID-19: ARP California State Preschool Program	93.575	15640	126,600	-
Total Child Care and Development Fund Cluster			286,163	-
Head Start	93.600	10016	1,681,463	-
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,967,626	-
Total Financial Assistance			\$ 73,949,275	\$ 49,154

[N/A] Not applicable

See Notes to Supplementary Information

Organization

The Hemet Unified School District was established on July 1, 1966, and consists of an area comprising approximately 640 square miles. The District operates thirteen elementary schools, two K-8 schools, four middle schools, one 6-12 school, three high schools, one continuation high school, two alternative independent study schools, an adult education school, and one charter school. There were no boundary changes during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD

MEMBER	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
Vic Scavarda	President	2022
Stacey Bailey	Vice President	2024
Sumanta Chaudhuri Saini	Member	2024
Rob Davis	Member	2022
Megan Haley	Member	2022
Patrick Searl	Member	2024
Horacio “Ross” Valenzuela	Member	2022

ADMINISTRATION

NAME	TITLE
Dr. Christi Barrett	Superintendent
Darrin Watters	Deputy Superintendent, Business Services
Tracy Chambers	Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services
Dr. Jennifer Martin	Assistant Superintendent, Student Services
Dr. Derek Jindra	Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources
Jessica Garcia	Director of Fiscal Services

Hemet Unified School District
 Schedule of Average Daily Attendance
 Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Report	
	Second Period Report C29F825E	Annual Report EE8B78E5
Hemet Unified School District		
Regular ADA		
Transitional kindergarten through third	5,598.26	5,636.17
Fourth through sixth	4,185.24	4,208.58
Seventh and eighth	2,554.70	2,580.26
Ninth through twelfth	5,937.34	5,918.98
Total Regular ADA	18,275.54	18,343.99
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools		
Fourth through sixth	2.99	3.18
Seventh and eighth	4.71	5.17
Ninth through twelfth	7.70	7.86
Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	15.40	16.21
Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools		
Fourth through sixth	0.17	0.17
Seventh and eighth	0.59	0.59
Ninth through twelfth	1.29	1.29
Total Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	2.05	2.05
Total ADA	18,292.99	18,362.25

Hemet Unified School District
 Schedule of Average Daily Attendance
 Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Report	
	Second Period Report 593F4887	Annual Report 97B09FE4
Western Center Academy		
Regular ADA		
Fifth through sixth	117.24	117.43
Seventh and eighth	246.31	246.31
Ninth through twelfth	324.09	323.56
Total Regular ADA	687.64	687.30
Classroom-Based ADA		
Fourth through sixth	117.24	117.43
Seventh and eighth	246.31	246.31
Ninth through twelfth	324.09	323.56
Total Classroom-Based ADA	687.64	687.30

Hemet Unified School District
 Schedule of Instructional Time
 Year Ended June 30, 2022

Hemet Unified School District

Grade Level	1986-1987 Minutes Requirement	2021-2022 Actual Minutes	Number of Minutes Credited Form J-13A	Total Minutes Offered	Traditional Calendar			Multitrack Calendar			Status
					Number of Actual Days	Number of Days Credited Form J-13A	Total Days Offered	Number of Actual Days	Number of Days Credited Form J-13A	Total Days Offered	
Kindergarten	36,000	49,866	-	49,866	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	50,400										
Grade 1		53,771	-	53,771	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 2		53,771	-	53,771	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 3		53,771	-	53,771	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grades 4 - 8	54,000										
Grade 4		54,173	-	54,173	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 5		54,173	-	54,173	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 6		55,874	-	55,874	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 7		61,271	-	61,271	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 8		61,271	-	61,271	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grades 9 - 12	64,800										
Grade 9		66,835	-	66,835	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 10		66,835	-	66,835	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 11		66,835	-	66,835	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 12		66,835	-	66,835	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied

Hemet Unified School District
 Schedule of Instructional Time
 Year Ended June 30, 2022

Western Center Academy

Grade Level	1986-1987 Minutes Requirement	2021-2022 Actual Minutes	Number of Minutes Credited Form J-13A	Total Minutes Offered	Traditional Calendar			Multitrack Calendar			Status
					Number of Actual Days	Number of Days Credited Form J-13A	Total Days Offered	Number of Actual Days	Number of Days Credited Form J-13A	Total Days Offered	
Grades 6 - 8	54,000										
Grade 6		58,908	-	58,908	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 7		58,908	-	58,908	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 8		58,908	-	58,908	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grades 9 - 12	64,800										
Grade 9		66,064	-	66,064	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 10		66,064	-	66,064	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 11		66,064	-	66,064	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied
Grade 12		66,064	-	66,064	180	-	180	-	-	-	Complied

Hemet Unified School District
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2022

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2022.

Hemet Unified School District
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	(Budget) 2023 ¹	2022	2021 ¹	2020 ¹
General Fund				
Revenues ³	\$ 373,282,318	\$ 387,943,032	\$ 338,215,241	\$ 293,860,188
Other sources	6,532,151	552,346	2,880,321	7,729,491
Total Revenues and Other Sources	<u>379,814,469</u>	<u>388,495,378</u>	<u>341,095,562</u>	<u>301,589,679</u>
Expenditures ³	394,032,847	329,478,716	301,466,615	289,380,844
Other uses	2,000,000	21,213,599	3,907,323	4,212,818
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>396,032,847</u>	<u>350,692,315</u>	<u>305,373,938</u>	<u>293,593,662</u>
Increase/(Decrease) in Fund Balance	<u>(16,218,378)</u>	<u>37,803,063</u>	<u>35,721,624</u>	<u>7,996,017</u>
Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 89,547,093</u>	<u>\$ 105,765,471</u>	<u>\$ 67,962,408</u>	<u>\$ 32,240,784</u>
Available Reserves ^{2,3}	<u>\$ 21,198,214</u>	<u>\$ 18,038,118</u>	<u>\$ 15,186,363</u>	<u>\$ 34,501,530</u>
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	<u>5.35%</u>	<u>5.14%</u>	<u>4.97%</u>	<u>11.75%</u>
Long-Term Liabilities ⁴	<u>N/A</u>	<u>\$ 506,996,135</u>	<u>\$ 627,920,594</u>	<u>\$ 578,727,583</u>
K-12 Average Daily Attendance at P-2 ⁵	<u>19,687</u>	<u>18,293</u>	<u>20,104</u>	<u>20,104</u>

The General Fund balance has increased by \$73,524,687 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2022-2023 budget projects a decrease of \$16,218,378 (15.33%). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least three percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in all of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2022-2023 fiscal year. Total long-term liabilities have decreased by \$71,731,448 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 1,811 over the past two years. Growth of 1,394 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2022-2023.

¹ Financial information for 2023, 2021, and 2020 are included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained within the General Fund.

³ Due to the consolidation of Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund and Fund 20, Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the Actual (GAAP Basis) revenues and expenditures.

⁴ Long-term liabilities are related to governmental activities and do not include business-type activities.

⁵ Excludes charter school ADA.

Hemet Unified School District
Schedule of Charter Schools
Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>Name of Charter School</u>	<u>Charter Number</u>	<u>Included in Audit Report</u>
Western Center Academy	1144	Yes

Hemet Unified School District
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022

	Student Activity Fund	Charter Schools Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund
Assets					
Deposits and investments	\$ 1,776,495	\$ 2,089,273	\$ 175,442	\$ 1,327,746	\$ 2,635,798
Receivables	-	587,388	-	447,452	360,103
Due from other funds	-	249,645	-	-	59,776
Stores inventories	43,166	-	-	-	861,925
Total assets	\$ 1,819,661	\$ 2,926,306	\$ 175,442	\$ 1,775,198	\$ 3,917,602
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 1,604,994	\$ 9,976	\$ 94,211	\$ 344,828
Due to other funds	-	594,975	19,993	23,883	96,296
Unearned revenue	-	72,303	-	1,083,682	90,000
Total liabilities	-	2,272,272	29,969	1,201,776	531,124
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	864,465
Restricted	1,819,661	654,034	145,473	573,422	2,522,013
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	1,819,661	654,034	145,473	573,422	3,386,478
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,819,661	\$ 2,926,306	\$ 175,442	\$ 1,775,198	\$ 3,917,602

Hemet Unified School District
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022

	Capital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets						
Deposits and investments	\$ 22,881,737	\$ 331,436	\$ 3,671,815	\$ 23,314,444	\$ 5	\$ 58,204,191
Receivables	62,090	733	-	-	-	1,457,766
Due from other funds	64,326	17,297,516	-	-	-	17,671,263
Stores inventories	-	-	-	-	-	905,091
Total assets	\$ 23,008,153	\$ 17,629,685	\$ 3,671,815	\$ 23,314,444	\$ 5	\$ 78,238,311
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 366,607	\$ 217,312	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,637,928
Due to other funds	-	42,756	-	-	-	777,903
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	-	1,245,985
Total liabilities	366,607	260,068	-	-	-	4,661,816
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	864,465
Restricted	22,641,546	-	3,671,815	23,314,444	5	55,342,413
Assigned	-	17,369,617	-	-	-	17,369,617
Total fund balances	22,641,546	17,369,617	3,671,815	23,314,444	5	73,576,495
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 23,008,153	\$ 17,629,685	\$ 3,671,815	\$ 23,314,444	\$ 5	\$ 78,238,311

Hemet Unified School District

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Student Activity Fund	Charter Schools Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund
Revenues					
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ -	\$ 7,327,379	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Federal sources	-	153,379	-	286,163	14,793,506
Other State sources	-	1,828,986	790,556	2,797,385	794,116
Other local sources	2,216,516	644,482	2,312	(20,277)	(6,221)
Total revenues	<u>2,216,516</u>	<u>9,954,226</u>	<u>792,868</u>	<u>3,063,271</u>	<u>15,581,401</u>
Expenditures					
Current					
Instruction	-	5,685,713	453,489	1,999,659	-
Instruction-related activities					
Supervision of instruction	-	793	-	343,972	-
School site administration	-	945,651	246,937	165,436	-
Pupil services					
Food services	-	51	-	-	13,333,617
All other pupil services	-	268,338	7,673	-	-
Administration					
All other administration	-	473,899	33,908	199,454	470,633
Plant services	-	2,615,005	3,096	47,654	273,006
Ancillary services	1,967,503	179,570	-	-	-
Facility acquisition and construction	-	-	-	278,307	40,100
Debt service					
Principal	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and other	-	31,247	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>1,967,503</u>	<u>10,200,267</u>	<u>745,103</u>	<u>3,034,482</u>	<u>14,117,356</u>

Hemet Unified School District
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Student Activity Fund	Charter Schools Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 249,013	\$ (246,041)	\$ 47,765	\$ 28,789	\$ 1,464,045
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Other sources - proceeds and premium on general obligation bonds issuances	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	(552,346)	-	-	-
Other uses - payment to refunded general obligation bonds escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(552,346)	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	249,013	(798,387)	47,765	28,789	1,464,045
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,570,648	1,452,421	97,708	544,633	1,922,433
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,819,661	\$ 654,034	\$ 145,473	\$ 573,422	\$ 3,386,478

Hemet Unified School District

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Capital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,327,379
Federal sources	-	-	-	-	-	15,233,048
Other State sources	-	-	-	165,709	-	6,376,752
Other local sources	14,694,105	(4,368)	2,784,154	16,359,463	9	36,670,175
Total revenues	14,694,105	(4,368)	2,784,154	16,525,172	9	65,607,354
Expenditures						
Current						
Instruction	-	-	-	-	-	8,138,861
Instruction-related activities						
Supervision of instruction	-	-	-	-	-	344,765
School site administration	-	-	-	-	-	1,358,024
Pupil services						
Food services	-	-	-	-	-	13,333,668
All other pupil services	-	-	-	-	-	276,011
Administration						
All other administration	300,056	-	-	-	-	1,477,950
Plant services	1,039	347,569	-	-	-	3,287,369
Ancillary services	-	-	-	-	-	2,147,073
Facility acquisition and construction	3,013,034	56,000	-	-	-	3,387,441
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	-	7,685,000	2,310,000	9,995,000
Interest and other	-	-	-	12,984,082	1,606,092	14,621,421
Total expenditures	3,314,129	403,569	-	20,669,082	3,916,092	58,367,583

Hemet Unified School District
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Capital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 11,379,976	\$ (407,937)	\$ 2,784,154	\$ (4,143,910)	\$ (3,916,083)	\$ 7,239,771
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	487,952	17,297,516	-	-	3,916,083	21,701,551
Other sources - proceeds and premium on general obligation bonds issuances	-	-	-	51,309,442	-	51,309,442
Transfers out	-	-	(487,952)	-	-	(1,040,298)
Other uses - payment to refunded general obligation bonds escrow agent	-	-	-	(43,790,000)	-	(43,790,000)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	487,952	17,297,516	(487,952)	7,519,442	3,916,083	28,180,695
Net Change in Fund Balances	11,867,928	16,889,579	2,296,202	3,375,532	-	35,420,466
Fund Balance - Beginning	10,773,618	480,038	1,375,613	19,938,912	5	38,156,029
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 22,641,546	\$ 17,369,617	\$ 3,671,815	\$ 23,314,444	\$ 5	\$ 73,576,495

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in fund balance of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate.

Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2022, the District had no food commodities in inventory.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District has met its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46207.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

These schedules are included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balances Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.



Independent Auditor's Reports
June 30, 2022

Hemet Unified School District



Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Governing Board
Hemet Unified School District
Hemet, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hemet Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District’s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Rancho Cucamonga, California
December 6, 2022



Independent Auditor’s Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Governing Board
Hemet Unified School District
Hemet, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hemet Unified School District’s (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District’s major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District’s major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor’s results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District’s compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District’s federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

The image shows a handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Rancho Cucamonga, California
December 6, 2022



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

To the Governing Board
Hemet Unified School District
Hemet, California

Report on Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Hemet Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the requirements specified in the *2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of the *2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Our responsibilities under those standards and the *2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on state compliance with the compliance requirements subject to audit in the *2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's compliance with the requirements listed in the table below.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements listed in the table below has occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements listed in the table below.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with compliance requirements as identified in the table below that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Compliance Requirements Tested

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District’s compliance with laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	<u>Procedures Performed</u>
LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No, see below
Middle or Early College High Schools	No, see below
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No, see below
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No, see below
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF EDUCATION, AND CHARTER SCHOOLS	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No, see below
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No, see below
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes

	Procedures Performed
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
In Person Instruction Grant	Yes
CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance	Yes
Mode of Instruction	Yes
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	No, see below
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Yes
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Yes

The District does not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program during the current year; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Early Retirement Program.

The District does not have any Juvenile Court Schools; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Juvenile Court Schools.

The District does not operate an Middle or Early College High School Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Middle or Early College High School Program.

The District does not offer an Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction Program.

The District does not offer a District of Choice Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the District of Choice Program.

We did not perform California Clean Energy Jobs Act procedures because the related procedures were performed in the previous year.

The District does not offer an Independent Study-Course Based Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Independent Study-Course Based Program.

The District does not operate any Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study; therefore, we did not perform procedures for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study Programs.

We did not perform procedures for the Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study nor for Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction because the Charter School is classroom-based.

The purpose of this report on internal control over state compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over state compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Rancho Cucamonga, California
December 6, 2022



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2022

Hemet Unified School District

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major program	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)	No

Identification of major programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Assistance Listing Number
Title I, Part A	84.010
COVID-19: Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425U, 84.425W
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	\$2,218,478
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

State Compliance

Internal control over state compliance programs	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for programs	Unmodified

None reported.

None reported.

None reported.

There were no audit findings reported in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.